IV - SEMESTER
COURSE CODE 3: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY- II
(States of Matter, Phase Rule & Surface Chemistry)
Credits: 03

I. Course outcomes:

At the end of the SEMESTER the student will be able to:

1. Explain the difference between solids liquids and gases in terms of intermolecular interactions.
2. Differentiate ideal and real gases.
3. Discuss the basic concepts of two component systems
4. Apply the concepts of adsorption.
5. Understand the basic concepts of crystallography.

II. Syllabus:

Unit I - Gaseous state (9 h)

Postulates of Kinetic theory of Gases (exclude derivation) – deduction of gas laws from kinetic gas equation-Vander Waal's equation of state. Andrew's isotherms of carbon dioxide, continuity of state. Critical phenomena. Relationship between critical constants and vander Waal's constants. Law of corresponding states. Joule- Thomson effect. Inversion temperature.

Unit II – Liquid State (9 h)

Physical properties of liquids; vapour pressure, surface tension and coefficient of viscosity, and their determination. Effect of addition of various solutes on surface tension and viscosity. Temperature variation of viscosity of liquids and comparison with that of gases. Qualitative discussion of structure of water.

Liquid crystals, mesomorphic state. Differences between liquid crystal and solid/liquid. Classification of liquid crystals into Smectic and Nematic. Application of liquid crystals as LCD devices

UNIT-III - Solid state (9h)

Symmetry in crystals. Law of constancy of interfacial angles. The law of rationality of indices. Miller indices, Definition of lattice point, space lattice, unit cell. Bravais lattices and crystal systems. X-ray diffraction and crystal structure. Bragg's law and its derivation. Powder method. Defects in crystals. Stoichiometric and non-stoichiometric defects.

Unit IV - Phase Rule (9 h)

The Concept of phase, components, degrees of freedom. Gibbs phase rule. Phase diagram of one component system – water system, Study of Phase diagrams of Simple eutectic systems

i) Pb-Ag system, desilverisation of lead ii) NaCl-Water system, Congruent and incongruent melting point- Definition and examples for systems having congruent and incongruent melting point, freezing mixtures

Unit V Surface Chemistry (9 h)

Definition and classification of Colloids- Coagulation of colloids- Hardy-Schulze rule. Stability of colloids, Protection of Colloids, Gold number.

Adsorption - Physical and chemical adsorption, Freundlich and Langmuir adsorption isotherm, applications of adsorption.

III. List of Reference Books:

1) Solid State Chemistry and its applications by Anthony R. West
2) Text book of physical chemistry by K L Kapoor Vol.1
3) Text book of physical chemistry by S Glasstone
4) Advanced physical chemistry by Bahl and Tuli.

IV - SEMESTER
Course Code 3: Organic Preparations
Credits: 01

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1) Use glassware, equipment and chemicals and follow experimental procedures in the laboratory
2) Apply concepts of surface chemistry in experiments.
3) Be familiar with the concepts & practical applications of Surface tension and viscosity of liquids.

Physical Chemistry Practical Syllabus:

1. Determination of surface tension of liquid by drop count method
2. Determination of surface tension of liquid by drop weight method
3. Determination of surface tension of mixture (liquid + detergent) using stalagmometer.
4. Determination of coefficient of viscosity of an organic liquid.
5. Determination of composition of a glycerol in glycerol + water mixture using viscometer.
6. Adsorption of acetic acid on animal charcoal, verification of Freundlich isotherm.

Co-curricular activities and Assessment Methods:

1) Continuous Evaluation: Monitoring the progress of student's learning
2) Class Tests, Worksheets and Quizzes
3) Presentations, Projects and Assignments and Group Discussions: Enhances

critical thinking skills and personality

4) SEMESTER -End Examination: critical indicator of student's learning and teaching methods adopted by teachers throughout the SEMESTER .

List of reference books:

1) A Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis(3rd Edition) –A.I.Vogel

2) Web related references suggested by teacher.

IV - SEMESTER
Course Code 4: GENERAL AND PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY
Credits: 03

I. Course outcomes:

At the end of the SEMESTER the student will be able to:

1. Correlate and describe the stereochemical properties of organic compounds.
2. Explain the biological significance of various elements present in the human body.
3. Apply the concepts of ionic equilibrium for the qualitative and quantitative analysis.
4. Determine the order of a chemical reaction.
5. Describe the basic concepts of enzyme catalysis.

II. Syllabus:

UNIT-I Stereo chemistry of carbon compounds (9 h)

Molecular representations - Wedge, Fischer, Newman and Saw-Horse formulae.
Optical isomerism: Optical activity- wave nature of light, plane polarised light, optical rotation and specific rotation. Chiral molecules- definition and criteria (Symmetry elements)- Definition of enantiomers and diastereomers – Explanation of optical isomerism with examples- Glyceraldehyde, Lactic acid, Alanine, Tartaric acid, 2,3-dibromopentane.

Unit II Bioinorganic Chemistry (9 h)

Metal ions present in biological systems, classification of elements according to their action in biological system. Geochemical effect on the distribution of metals, Na / K- pump, carbonic anhydrase and carboxy peptidase. Excess and deficiency of some trace metals. Toxicity of metal ions (Hg, Pb, Cd and As), reasons for toxicity, Use of chelating agents in medicine, Cisplatin as an anti-cancer drug. Iron and its application in bio-systems, Haemoglobin-transfer of oxygen, Myoglobin-Storage and transfer of iron

Unit III Ionic equilibrium (9 h)

Strong, moderate and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, factors affecting degree of ionization, ionization constant and ionic product of water. Ionization of weak acids and bases, pH scale, Buffer solutions-Henderson's equation. Indicators-theories of acid – base Indicators, selection of Indicators,

Common ion effect Solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts – applications of solubility product principle.

Unit IV Chemical Kinetics-I: (9 h)

The concept of reaction rates. Effect of temperature, pressure, catalyst and other factors on reaction rates. Order and molecularity of a reaction, Derivation of integrated rate equations for zero, first and second order reactions (similar and different reactants). Half–life of a reaction. General methods for determination of order of a reaction.

Unit V Chemical Kinetics-II: (9 h 0

Concept of activation energy and its calculation from Arrhenius equation. Theories of Reaction Rates: Collision theory and Activated Complex theory of bimolecular reactions. Comparison of the two theories (qualitative treatment only).

Enzyme catalysis- Specificity, factors affecting enzyme catalysis, Inhibitors and Lock & key model. Michaels- Menten equation- derivation, significance of Michaelis-Menten constant.

III. Reference books

1) Text book of physical chemistry by S Glasstone
2) Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D.Lee
3) Advanced physical chemistry by Gurudeep Raj
4) Advanced physical chemistry by Bahl and Tuli
5) Inorganic Chemistry by J.E.Huheey
6) Basic Inorganic Chemistry by Cotton and Wilkinson.

IV - SEMESTER
Course Code 4: Physical Chemistry - Volumetric Analysis
Credits: 01

Physical Chemistry - Volumetric Analysis

IV. Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

1. Use glassware, equipment and chemicals and follow experimental procedures in the laboratory
2. Understand and explain the volumetric analysis based on fundamental concepts learnt in ionic equilibria
3. Learn and identify the concepts of a standard solutions, primary and secondary standards
4. Facilitate the learner to make solutions of various molar concentrations.

V. Syllabus:

Volumetric analysis:

1. Estimation of sodium hydroxide using standardised HCl solution.
2. Estimation of sodium carbonate and sodium hydroxide present in a mixture.
3. Determination of Fe (II) using $KMnO_4$ with oxalic acid as primary standard. (internal indicator method)
4. Determination of Fe (II) using $KmnO_4$ with oxalic acid as primary standard. (external indicator method)
5. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with $KmnO_4$

VI. Co-curricular activities and assessment methods :

1. Continuous Evaluation: Monitoring the progress of student's learning
2. Class Tests, Worksheets and Quizzes
3. Presentations, Projects and Assignments and Group Discussions: Enhances critical thinking skills and personality
4. SEMESTER -End Examination: critical indicator of student's learning and teaching methods adopted by teachers throughout the SEMESTER .

VII. List of reference books:

1. A Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis(3^{rd}Edition) –A.I.Vogel
2. Web related references suggested by teacher.